

①

LL.B IV Sem

Sub- criminology and penology

Dr. NI Shah Jhan N.A.S (PG) College, Meerut

Ques - What do you mean by organised crime? kinds and preventive legal laws -

meaning and Definition of organised crime. →

criminal activities that are planned and controlled by powerful groups and carried out on a large scale, most commonly for profit. Some criminal organizations, such as terrorist groups, are politically motivated.

Organizational criminals use extortion, which is the practice of obtaining something especially money through force or threats so they get what they want.

Thus an organised crime is an act which is committed by two or more criminals as a joint venture (common intention) in an organised manner.

(2)

It is an illegal act which the members of an unlawful association commit with their mutual co-operation and adventure.

According to Dr. Walter Reckless -

Organised crime is an unlawful misadventure which is carried on by a gang, which are organised to carry on illegal activities.

Nature of organised crime.

- ① A group is formed by criminals. They render mutual cooperation with each other. Proper protection is given them by them to its member member in trouble.
- ② The member of the group of criminal actively participate in the commission of crimes.
- ③ They always keep in their amicable relations with the police and administrative machinery. It helps in their protection.

~~Five~~ Essen main characteristics of the organised crime

① Number of members

The numbers of person's in an organised crime are always more than one. The number of person depends upon the nature of the crime to be committed. Such as five or more persons are required for dacoity.

② Division of work

Every member of group is assigned a particular work which he does under the strict discipline of his leader.

③ Planned Manner

A proper plan is made by the group of criminals before commission of a particular crime.

④ Unchallenged Leadership

5. Secrecy — when a crime is committed in an

organised form, it is kept top confidential. Every member of group keep knowledge about such crime.

(4)

Some main organised crimes are as under

①

Smuggling

2. Theft or Decrty —

3. prostitution —

4. Gambling —

5. Fraud —

Remedies to prevent organised crimes

① All persons guilty of committing lust, decrty and murder must be given the punishment of death instead of life imprisonment

② police and administrative authority be given wide powers to face every situation in this regard to eradicate this evil

g. All the laws should be proper.

Implementation and some bold steps are taken by govtment to prevent organised crimes.